

Appendix 2025 Early Childhood Dashboard

Metric Data and Information

Domain	Subdomain	Metric	Metric description	Source	Baseline Ohio (Year)	Baseline Ohio	Most-recent Ohio (Year)	Most-recent Ohio	Percent change	Trend
Early learning access and quality	Early learning access and affordability, infants and toddlers	Early Head Start access, income eligible children. Percent of income-eligible children, ages 0-36 months, who were enrolled in Early Head Start	Percent of children, ages 0-36 months, in a household with income below 100% of the Federal Poverty Level who were enrolled in Early Head Start. The number of children enrolled in Early Head Start includes children, ages 0-36 months, while total income-eligible children was calculated using children, ages 0-2 years	Ohio Head Start Association and U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates	2019	10.4%	2022	10.3%	-0.8%	No Change
Early learning access and quality	Early learning access and affordability, young children	Early learning access. Percent of children, ages 0-5, with family incomes below 200% of the federal poverty level who were enrolled in early childhood education	Percent of children, ages 0-5, with family incomes below 200% of the federal poverty level who were enrolled in early childhood education (including Head Start [ages 3-4], IDEA Part B [ages 3-5, not in kindergarten], public preschool [ages 0-5], and publicly funded childcare [ages 0-5])	Head Start: Annie E. Casey KidsCount Data Center Public preschool: Ohio Department of Education and Workforce IDEA Part B: U.S. Department of Education, IDEA Section 618 Static Tables Publicly funded childcare: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Federal poverty level value: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey	Head Start: 2021 Public preschool: October 2021 IDEA Part B: 2020-2021 Publicly funded childcare: July 2022 Federal poverty level: 2019	44.9%	Head Start: 2022 Public preschool: October 2023 IDEA Part B: 2022-2023 Publicly funded childcare: July 2023 Federal poverty level: 2022	53.6%	19.4%	Improved
Early learning access and quality	Early learning access and affordability, young children	Not enrolled in preschool. Percent of children, ages 3-4, with family incomes below 200% of the federal poverty level, who are not enrolled in school	Percent of children, ages 3-4 with family incomes below 200% of the federal poverty level, who were not enrolled in school (including nursery school, preschool or kindergarten) during the previous three months	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-year estimates, as compiled by the Annie E. Casey Kids Count Data Center	2012-2016	61.0%	2018-2022	66.0%	8.2%	No Change
Early learning access and quality	Early learning access and affordability, young children	Child care cost burden. Childcare costs for a household with two children as a percent of median household income	Childcare costs for a household with two children as a percent of median household income	Living Wage Institute and U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, as compiled by County Health Rankings and Roadmaps	2020-2021	26.8%	2022-2023	29.0%	8.2%	No Change
Early learning access and quality	Early learning access and affordability, infants and toddlers	Child Care Affordability. Annual price of center-based child care.	Infant Care	Child Care Aware, Annual Price of Care	2021	\$ 10,118	2023	\$ 12,351	22.1%	Greatly worsened
			Toddler Care		2021	\$ 9,050	2023	\$ 11,125	22.9%	Greatly worsened
			Preschool Care		2021	\$ 7,966	2023	\$ 9,580	20.3%	Greatly worsened
Early learning access and quality	Early learning access and affordability, infants and toddlers	Early Intervention service access. Percent of children, ages 0-2, receiving IDEA Part C Early Intervention Services.	Percent of children, ages 0-2, receiving IDEA Part C Early Intervention services	US Department of Education, IDEA Section 618 Static Tables	2020-2021	5.6%	2022-2023	6.9%	23.2%	Greatly Improved
Early learning access and quality	Early learning access and affordability, infants and toddlers	Early Intervention accessibility. Percent of children, ages 0-2, who received a referral for Early Intervention and received Early Intervention services	Percent of children, ages 0-2, who received a referral for Early Intervention and received Early Intervention services	Ohio Department of Children and Youth, Early Intervention Program Data Summary Report	SFY 2021	74.9%	SFY 2023	81.5%	8.7%	No Change
Early learning access and quality	Early learning access and affordability, infants and toddlers	Met Early Intervention need. Percent of children, ages 0-2, who were eligible for IDEA Part C Early Intervention and received services	Percent of children, ages 0-2, who were determined eligible for IDEA Part C Early Intervention and received services. Eligibility is determined as children under the age of three who meet at least one of the following: After completing a standardized evaluation tool, a developmental delay of at least 1.5 standard deviations in at least one of five developmental domains; Diagnosis listed in Appendix C of OAC 5123-10-02; Diagnosis that a professional licensed to diagnose and treat has attested is likely to result in a developmental delay for a particular child. Children who are "served" have a signed Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP) in place	Ohio Department of Children and Youth	2021	88.9%	2023	86.9%	-2.2%	No Change

Domain	Subdomain	Metric	Metric description	Source	Baseline Ohio (Year)	Baseline Ohio	Most-recent Ohio (Year)	Most-recent Ohio	Percent change	Trend
Early learning access and quality	Early learning quality and workforce	Language and communication, Early Intervention. Percent of infants and toddlers with Individualized Family Service Plans (IFSPs) who were functioning within age expectations for acquisition and use of early language and communication knowledge and skills by the time they turn 3 years old or exit the program	Percent of infants and toddlers with Individualized Family Service Plans (IFSPs) who were functioning within age expectations for acquisition and use of early language and communication knowledge and skills by the time they turn 3 years old or exit the IDEA Part C Program. This is indicator 3b2	Ohio Department of Children and Youth, Part C Annual Performance Report	FFY 2020	45.4%	FFY 2022	42.3%	-6.7%	No Change
Early learning access and quality	Early learning quality and workforce	Language and communication, special needs preschool. Percent of preschool students with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) who were functioning within age expectations for acquisition and use of early language, communication, and literacy knowledge and skills by the time they turn 6 years old or exit the program	Percent of preschool students with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) who were functioning within age expectations for acquisition and use of knowledge and skills including early language, communication, and literacy by the time they turn 6 years old or exit the IDEA Part B Program. This is indicator 7b2	Ohio Department of Education and Workforce, Part B Annual Performance Report	FFY 2019	48.5%	FFY 2021	46.0%	-5.1%	No Change
Early learning access and quality	Early learning quality and workforce	Publicly funded child care quality. Percent of publicly funded child care programs that are rated as quality or high-quality.	Percent of publicly funded child care programs that are rated as quality (1-2 star rating) or high-quality (3-5 star rating)	Ohio Department of Job and Family Services	July 2022	Percent of programs rated as 1-2 stars (quality): 41.0% Percent of programs rated as 3-5 stars (high-quality): 32.2% Percent of programs rated: 73.2%	Jul-23	Percent of programs rated as 1-2 stars (quality): 39.2% Percent of programs rated as 3-5 stars (high-quality): 32.3% Percent of programs rated: 71.5%	-2.3%	No Change
Healthcare access and quality	Prenatal and postpartum care	Timely prenatal care. Percent of women who began prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy	Percent of women who began prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiologic Research (WONDER)	2020	76.8%	2022	77.1%	0.4%	No Change
Healthcare access and quality	Prenatal and postpartum care	Postpartum care. Percent of women with a live birth who had a postpartum visit	Percent of women with a live birth who had a postpartum checkup after their baby was born. A postpartum checkup is the regular checkup a woman has about 4 to 6 weeks after she gives birth	Ohio Pregnancy Assessment Survey	2020	90.3%	2022	91.6%	1.4%	No Change
Healthcare access and quality	Prenatal and postpartum care	Postpartum depression screening. Percent of women with a live birth and a postpartum visit, who had a provider ask if they were feeling down or depressed	Percent of women with a live birth and a postpartum visit, who had a provider ask if they were feeling down or depressed	Ohio Pregnancy Assessment Survey	2020	89.2%	2022	91.2%	2.2%	No Change
Healthcare access and quality	Prenatal and postpartum care	Postpartum depression treatment. Percent of women with a live birth who were diagnosed with postpartum depression and received counseling	Percent of women with a live birth who were diagnosed with postpartum depression and received counseling	Ohio Pregnancy Assessment Survey	N/A	N/A	2021	46.1%	N/A	N/A
Healthcare access and quality	Healthcare quality and workforce	Experiences of racism. Percent of women, ages 18-49, who reported that they were treated worse when seeking health care due to their race or ethnicity	Percent of women, ages 18-49, who reported that they were treated worse when seeking health care than all or some races	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System	N/A	N/A	2022	7.0%	N/A	N/A
Healthcare access and quality	Healthcare quality and workforce	Home visiting, families receiving. Cumulative count of families served in the last 12 months in an evidence-based home visiting program funded by the Ohio Department of Children and Youth	Cumulative count of families served in the last 12 months in an evidence-based home visiting program funded by the Ohio Department of Children and Youth	Ohio Department of Children and Youth data request	2022	11,107	2024	12,436	12.0%	Improved
Healthcare access and quality	Access to pediatric care	Well-child visits. Percent of children enrolled in a Medicaid managed care plan with six or more well-child visits in the first 15 months of life	Percent of children enrolled in a Medicaid managed care plan with six or more well-child visits in the first 15 months of life	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Core Set of Children's Health Care Quality Measures	N/A	N/A	FFY 2022	57.7%	N/A	N/A
Healthcare access and quality	Healthcare quality and workforce	Developmental screenings. Percent of Medicaid enrollees, ages 0-5, who received a developmental screening	Percent of Medicaid enrollees, ages 0-5, who received a developmental screening. Screenings used these CPT codes: Developmental testing; limited (CPT 96110) and development testing; extended (CPT 96111)	Ohio Department of Medicaid, Advanced Data Analytics Tool by IBM Consulting	2020	17.6%	2022	17.6%	0.0%	No Change

Domain	Subdomain	Metric	Metric description	Source	Baseline Ohio (Year)	Baseline Ohio	Most-recent Ohio (Year)	Most-recent Ohio	Percent change	Trend
Healthcare access and quality	Access to pediatric care	Preventive dental care. Percent of children, ages 1-5, who had a preventive dental care visit in the past 12 months	Percent of children, ages 1-5, who saw a dentist or other oral health care provider for preventive dental care, such as check-ups, dental cleanings, dental sealants, or fluoride treatments in the last 12 months	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2021-2022	44.9%	N/A	N/A
Healthcare access and quality	Healthcare quality and workforce	Immunizations, toddlers. Percent of children, ages 19-35 months, who received all recommended doses of seven key vaccines	Percent of children, ages 19-35 months, who received the combined seven vaccine series. The combined seven vaccine series includes 4 or more doses of DTaP, 3 or more doses of Polio, 1 or more doses of MMR, Hib full series (3 or 4 doses, depending on product type received), 3 or more doses of HepB, 1 or more doses of Varicella, and 4 or more doses of PCV	National Immunization Survey, as compiled by the Commonwealth Fund Health System Data Center	2019	68.0%	2021	72.0%	5.9%	No Change
Healthcare access and quality	Healthcare quality and workforce	Unmet mental health care need. Percent of children, ages 3-5, who needed to see a mental health professional but were not able to in the past 12 months	Percent of children, ages 3-5, who needed to see a mental health professional but were not able to in the past 12 months	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2021-2022*	50%	N/A	N/A
Healthcare access and quality	Healthcare quality and workforce	Access to Maternity Care. Number of obstetrics and gynecology providers, per 10,000 births	Number of obstetrics and gynecology providers, including nurse midwives, per 10,000 births	Health Resources and Services Administration, Area Health Resources Files, as compiled by March of Dimes	N/A	N/A	See county data	See county data	N/A	N/A
Healthcare access and quality	Healthcare quality and workforce	Access to pediatric care. Number of pediatricians currently certified by the American Board of Pediatrics, age 70 and under, per 100,000 population, ages 0-17	Number of pediatricians currently certified by the American Board of Pediatrics, age 70 and under, per 100,000 population, ages 0-17. Includes those certified in General Pediatrics (alone) and those certified in both General Pediatrics and in another American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) specialty by pediatricians	American Board of Pediatrics	N/A	N/A	As of June 14, 2023	88.5	N/A	N/A
Healthcare access and quality	Healthcare quality and workforce	Mental health service providers. Number of credentialed mental health service providers who serve children, per 10,000 population, ages 0-5	Number of mental health service providers credentialed by the Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (OhioMHAS) to serve children, ages 0-5, per 10,000 children. Mental health services providers include providers who have received one of the following credentials from OhioMHAS: Ohio Infant Family Affiliate Level I (OIFA-I), Ohio Infant Family Affiliate Level II (OIFA-II), Ohio Infant Family Affiliate Level III (OIFA-III), Early Childhood Mental Health Consultant. Per capita calculations made using U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-year estimates for population ages 0-5 in Ohio.	Ohio Department of Children and Youth and U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 2022 1-Year Estimates	N/A	N/A	As of May 1, 2023	7.9	N/A	N/A
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Adoption and child protective services	Maltreatment, infants. Number of children who experienced maltreatment (child abuse and/or neglect), per 1,000 infants under age 1	Number of children for whom the state determined at least one maltreatment report was substantiated or indicated, and a disposition of substantiated or indicated was assigned for a child in a report, per 1,000 infants under age 1. This includes a child who died and the death was confirmed to be the result of child abuse and/or neglect	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families, Child Maltreatment Report	2020	30.8	2022	25.8	-16.2%	Improved
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Adoption and child protective services	Removal from home for maltreatment. Number of children removed from the home due to abuse and neglect, per 1,000 population, ages 0-5	Number of children removed from the home due to abuse and neglect, per 1,000 population, ages 0-5. Multiple removal reasons can be recorded for an individual child.	Ohio Department of Children and Youth and U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates	ODCY: 2021 ACS: 2021	3.1	ODCY: 2023 ACS: 2022	3.1	0.0%	No Change
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Adoption and child protective services	Protective custody. Number of children, ages 0-5, who were in Public Children Service Agency (PCSA) custody	Number of children, ages 0-5, in PCSA custody (children who are in placements such as family foster care, kinship care, independent living, congregate care (including residential centers, shelter care facilities, group homes, hospitals, nursing homes, and detention facilities) and other settings)	Ohio Department of Children and Youth	As of January 1, 2022	4,640	As of January 1, 2024	4,630	-0.2%	No Change
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Adoption and child protective services	Protective custody, placement type. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who are in Public Children Service Agency (PCSA) custody, by placement type	The percent of children, ages 0-5, who are in PCSA custody by placement type	Ohio Department of Children and Youth	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	N/A	N/A

Domain	Subdomain	Metric	Metric description	Source	Baseline Ohio (Year)	Baseline Ohio	Most-recent Ohio (Year)	Most-recent Ohio	Percent change	Trend
Early Childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Family well-being and resilience	Stressful life events or experiences during pregnancy. Percent of women with a live birth who reported stressful life events or experiences during pregnancy	Percent of women with a live birth who reported stressful life events or experiences during pregnancy. Stressful life events are categorized into Emotional (close family member was sick and/or someone very close to mother died), Partner-related (argued with partner more than usual, partner said didn't want pregnancy, apart from partner due to military deployment or work travel, and/or separation/divorce), Financial (had problems paying bills, partner lost job, cut in work hours or pay, and/or mother themselves lost job), and Traumatic (someone very close had a bad problem with drinking/drugs, partner or self to went to jail, and/or homeless)	Ohio Pregnancy Assessment Survey	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	N/A	N/A
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Trauma and toxic stress	Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs). Percent of children, ages 0-5, who experienced two or more ACEs	Percent of children, ages 0-5, whose caregiver reported that they experienced 2 or more adverse experiences (ACEs), among eight ACEs: Parent or guardian divorced or separated; parent or guardian died; parent or guardian served time in jail; child saw or heard parents or adults slap, hit, kick punch one another in the home; child was a victim of violence or witnessed violence in neighborhood; child lived with anyone who was mentally ill, suicidal, or severely depressed; child lived with anyone who had a problem with alcohol or drugs; and child treated or judged unfairly due to race/ethnicity	Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey	2019	17.0%	2021	14.3%	-16.2%	Improved
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Family well-being and resilience	Supportive neighborhood. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived in a supportive neighborhood	Percent of children, ages 0-5, whose caregiver reported that they live in a supportive neighborhood. This measure is referred to in various contexts as "neighborhood support," "neighborhood cohesion," and "social capital," and is derived from responses to three statements: People in this neighborhood help each other out (K10Q30); We watch out for each other's children in this neighborhood (K10Q31); and When we encounter difficulties, we know where to go for help in our community (GOFORHELP). Respondents were asked whether they definitely agree, somewhat agree, somewhat disagree, or definitely disagree with each statement. Children are considered to live in supportive neighborhoods if their caregivers reported "definitely agree" to at least one of the items above and "somewhat agree" or "definitely agree" to the other two items. Only children with valid responses on all three items are included	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2022	58.6%	N/A	N/A
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Trauma and toxic stress	Domestic violence. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who witnessed domestic violence	Percent of children, ages 0-5, whose caregiver answered yes to the following question: "Child ever experienced, saw or heard parents or adults slap, hit, kick or punch one another in the home?"	Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey	2019	6.6%	2021	4.8%	-27.3%	Greatly Improved
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Trauma and toxic stress	Parental incarceration. Percent of children, ages 0-5, with a parent or guardian who served time in jail	Percent of children, ages 0-5, whose caregiver answered yes to the following question: "Parent or guardian served time in jail after child was born?"	Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey	2019	10.7%	2021	7.7%	-28.0%	Greatly Improved
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Trauma and toxic stress	Mental illness or substance use in the household. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived with someone with a mental illness or substance use disorder	Percent of children, ages 0-5, whose caregiver answered yes to either of the following questions: "Child ever experienced living with anyone who was mentally ill, suicidal, or severely depressed?" and/or "Child ever experienced lived with anyone who had a problem with alcohol or drugs?"	Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey	2019	18.4%	2021	15.7%	-14.7%	Improved
Economic Stability	Employment and poverty	Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 100% of the federal poverty level	Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 100% of the federal poverty level	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates	2013-2017	25.0%	2018-2022	20.5%	-17.9%	Improved

Domain	Subdomain	Metric	Metric description	Source	Baseline Ohio (Year)	Baseline Ohio	Most-recent Ohio (Year)	Most-recent Ohio	Percent change	Trend
Economic Stability	Employment and poverty	Extreme Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 50% of the federal poverty level	Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 50% of the Federal Poverty Line	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates	2013-2017	12.6%	2018-2022	10.3%	-17.7%	Improved
Economic Stability	Employment and poverty	Job change due to child care, family members. Percent of children, ages 0-5, with a family member who had to change their job due to problems with child care in the past 12 months	Percent of children, ages 0-5, with a family member who had to quit a job, not take a job, or greatly change their job because of problems with child care in the past 12 months	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2021-2022	13.9%	N/A	N/A
Economic stability	Employment and poverty	Employment insecurity, parents. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who live in families where no caregiver was employed full-time	Percent of children, ages 0-5, who live in families where no caregiver was employed full-time.	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2020-2022	10.8%	N/A	N/A
Economic Stability	Employment and poverty	Family structure. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who did not live in a household with two parents	Percent of children, ages 0-5, who did not live with two parents. Family type is characterized by number of parents or parental figures present in the household (one, two or other family type), the relationships of parents or other adults in the household (biological/adoptive parents, step-parents, or other family structure) and their marital status. Parents were identified if the reported adult(s) was/were biological/adoptive or step-parent(s). Households identified as having two same sex mothers or fathers were categorized as a two-parent family	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2019-2022	20.5%	N/A	N/A
Economic stability	Basic needs	Food insecurity. Percent of children, ages 0-5, whose household could not always afford to eat good nutritious meals in the past 12 months	Percent of children, ages 0-5, whose household could not always afford to eat good nutritious meals in the past 12 months	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2019-2022	29.5%	N/A	N/A
Economic stability	Basic needs	Housing cost burden. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived in households where 30% or more of monthly income was spent on rent	Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived in households where 30% or more of monthly household pretax income was spent on rent	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates	2019	17.1%	2022	14.7%	-13.8%	Improved
Economic stability	Basic needs	Eligible for and receiving WIC, Overall. Percent of women, infants, and children who were eligible for WIC and received WIC benefits	Percent of women, infants, and children who were eligible for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) who received WIC benefits	U.S. Department of Agriculture, WIC Eligibility and Coverage Rates	2019	46.2%	2021	38.9%	-15.8%	Worsened
Economic stability	Basic needs	Eligible for and receiving WIC, Infants. Percent of infants who were eligible for WIC and received WIC benefits	Percent of infants who were eligible for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) who received WIC benefits	U.S. Department of Agriculture, WIC Eligibility and Coverage Rates			2021	80.9%	N/A	
Economic stability	Basic needs	Eligible for and receiving WIC, Pregnant or Postpartum Women. Percent of pregnant or postpartum women who were eligible for WIC and received WIC benefits	Percent of pregnant or postpartum women who were eligible for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) who received WIC benefits	U.S. Department of Agriculture, WIC Eligibility and Coverage Rates			2021	45.7%	N/A	
Economic stability	Basic needs	Eligible for and receiving WIC, Young Children. Percent of children, ages 1-4, who were eligible for WIC and received WIC benefits	Percent of children, ages 1-4, who were eligible for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) who received WIC benefits	U.S. Department of Agriculture, WIC Eligibility and Coverage Rates	2019	34.2%	2021	27.1%	-20.8%	Greatly Worsened
Economic stability	Basic needs	Children experiencing homelessness. Number of children, ages 0-3, who were estimated to be experiencing homelessness	Number of children, ages 0-3, who were estimated to be experiencing homelessness	SchoolHouse Connection, Child and Youth Homelessness in the United States Data Profiles Dashboard	N/A	N/A	2021-2022 school year	7659	N/A	N/A
Economic stability	Basic needs	Household broadband access. Percent of households with children, ages 0-5, that had a broadband internet subscription	Percent of households with children, ages 0-5, that had a high-speed broadband internet subscription service such as cable, fiber optic, or DSL	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates	2019	77.6%	2022	84.7%	9.2%	No Change
Healthy	Birth outcomes	Low birthweight. Percent of live births where the infant weighed less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds)	Percent of live births, where the infant weighed less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds) out of the total number of all births where weight is known	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiologic Research (WONDER)	2020	8.5%	2022	8.7%	2.4%	No Change
Healthy	Birth outcomes	Infant mortality. Number of infant deaths, under age 1, per 1,000 live births	Number of infant deaths, under age 1, per 1,000 live births	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiologic Research (WONDER)	2020	6.7	2022	7.1	5.4%	No Change

Domain	Subdomain	Metric	Metric description	Source	Baseline Ohio (Year)	Baseline Ohio	Most-recent Ohio (Year)	Most-recent Ohio	Percent change	Trend
Healthy	Birth outcomes	Preterm birth. Percent of infants born preterm, before 37 completed weeks of gestation	Percent of infants born preterm, defined as births before 37 completed weeks of gestation, out of the total number of infants whose completed weeks of gestation are known	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiologic Research (WONDER)	2020	10.3%	2022	10.8%	5.1%	No Change
Healthy	Birth outcomes	Neonatal abstinence syndrome. Number of neonatal abstinence syndrome cases among newborn hospitalizations, per 1,000 newborn hospitalizations	Number of neonatal abstinence syndrome related cases among newborn inpatient hospitalizations, per 1,000 newborn hospitalizations	Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) Fast Stats	2019	9.3	2021	8.4	-9.7%	No Change
Healthy	Maternal health	Maternal mortality. Number of deaths related to or aggravated by pregnancy, per 100,000 live births	Number of deaths related to or aggravated by pregnancy (excluding accidental or incidental causes) occurring within 42 days of the end of a pregnancy, per 100,000 live births	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiologic Research (WONDER), as compiled by America's Health Rankings	2011-2015	20.3	2017-2021	23.7	16.7%	Worsened
Healthy	Maternal health	Severe maternal morbidity. Number of significant life-threatening maternal complications during delivery, per 10,000 delivery hospitalizations	Number of significant life-threatening maternal complications during delivery (measured by identifying women with at least 1 of 17 medical conditions while hospitalized for a delivery), per 10,000 delivery hospitalizations	Health Resources and Services Administration, as compiled by America's Health Rankings	2018	77.8	2020	84.9	9.1%	No Change
Healthy	Maternal health	Postpartum depression. Percent of women, ages 18 and older, with a live birth who experienced postpartum depression	Percent of women, ages 18 and older, with a live birth who experienced postpartum depression after their most recent pregnancy	Ohio Pregnancy Assessment Survey	2020	9.6%	2022	9.8%	2.1%	No Change
Healthy	Maternal health	Prenatal Smoking, cigarettes. Percent of women with a live birth who smoked cigarettes during the last 3 months of pregnancy	Percent of women with a live birth who smoked cigarettes during the last 3 months of pregnancy	Ohio Pregnancy Assessment Survey	2020	9.5%	2022	6.1%	-35.8%	Greatly Improved
Healthy	Maternal health	Prenatal Smoking, e-cigarettes. Percent of women with a live birth who used e-cigarettes during the last 3 months of pregnancy	Percent of women with a live birth who used e-cigarettes during the last 3 months of pregnancy	Ohio Pregnancy Assessment Survey	2020	1.6%	2022	4.6%	187.5%	Greatly Worsened
Healthy	Young child health	Elevated blood lead levels. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who received a blood lead test and had elevated blood lead levels	Percent of children, ages 0-5, who received a blood lead test and had elevated blood lead levels (≥ 5 ug/ dL)	Ohio Department of Health	2020	1.9%	2022	1.9%	0.0%	No Change
Healthy	Young child health	Blood lead test. Percent of Medicaid enrollees, ages 0-5, who received a blood lead level test	Percent of Medicaid enrollees, ages 0-5, who received a capillary or venous blood lead test	Ohio Department of Medicaid, Advanced Data Analytics Tool by IBM Consulting	2020	12.5%	2022	12.4%	-0.6%	No Change
Healthy	Young child health	Oral health problems. Percent of children, ages 1-5, who had oral health problems	Percent of children, ages 1-5, whose caregiver answered that, in the past 12 months, their child had frequent or chronic difficulty with one or more of the following: toothaches, bleeding gums or decayed teeth or cavities.	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2021-2022	8.5%	N/A	N/A
Healthy	Young child health	Asthma. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who currently have asthma	Percent of children, ages 0-5, who currently have asthma	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2021-2022	3.7%	N/A	N/A
Healthy	Young child health	Mental healthcare need. Percent of children, ages 3-5, who needed treatment or counseling from a mental health professional during the past 12 months	Percent of children, ages 3-5, who needed treatment or counseling from a mental health professional during the past 12 months	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2021-2022	4.6%	N/A	N/A
Healthy	Young child health	Potentially disabling conditions. Percent of children, ages 3-5, who had a current or lifelong health condition	Percent of children, ages 3-5, who had a current or lifelong health condition	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	See disaggregated data	N/A	N/A

Domain	Subdomain	Metric	Metric description	Source	Baseline Ohio (Year)	Baseline Ohio	Most-recent Ohio (Year)	Most-recent Ohio	Percent change	Trend
Healthy	Young child health	Flourishing. Percent of children, ages 6 months to 5 years, whose caregiver reported that they are flourishing	Percent of children, ages 6 months to 5 years, whose caregiver reported that they are flourishing. For children age 0-5 years, four questions were asked that aimed to capture curiosity and discovery about learning, resilience, attachment with parent, and contentment with life. The survey questions asked, "How often: is this child affectionate and tender (K6Q70_R); does this child bounce back quickly when things do not go their way (K6Q73_R); does this child show interest and curiosity in learning new things (K6Q71_R); does this child smile and laugh?" (K6Q72_R). Responses of "Always" or "Usually" to the question indicate the child meets the flourishing item criteria. Includes children who meet all four flourishing items.	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health	N/A	N/A	2022	75.7%	N/A	N/A
Ready to Learn	School readiness	Kindergarten readiness. Percent of students who demonstrated kindergarten readiness based on the Ohio Kindergarten Readiness Assessment Revised (KRA-R)	Percent of public school students who demonstrated readiness (a score of 270 or higher) on the Ohio Kindergarten Readiness Assessment Revised (KRA-R), meaning they entered kindergarten with sufficient skills, knowledge and abilities to engage with kindergarten-level instruction	Ohio Department of Education and Workforce, School Report Card data	2020-2021 school year	41.9%	2022-2023 school year	35.4%	-15.5%	Worsened
Ready to learn	School readiness	On track for literacy. Percent of students who were "on-track" for language and literacy based on the Ohio Kindergarten Readiness Assessment Revised (KRA-R)	Percent of public school students who scored at the "on-track" level for language and literacy (a score of 263 or higher) on the Ohio Kindergarten Readiness Assessment Revised (KRA-R)	Ohio Department of Education and Workforce, School Report Card data	2020-2021 school year	52.1%	2022-2023 school year	44.3%	-15.0%	Worsened
Ready to learn	Academic achievement	Fourth grade reading proficiency. Percent of fourth grade students who were proficient in reading based on the National Assessment of Educational Progress	Percent of fourth grade public school students who scored at or above the proficient level on the National Assessment of Educational Progress reading test	U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) Data Explorer	2019	36.1%	2022	34.5%	-4.4%	No Change
Ready to Learn	Academic achievement	Eighth grade math proficiency. Percent of eighth grade students who were proficient in math based on the National Assessment of Educational Progress	Percent of eighth grade public school students who scored at or above the proficient level on the National Assessment of Educational Progress mathematics test	U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) Data Explorer	2019	37.5%	2022	29.0%	-22.7%	Greatly Worsened
Ready to learn	Academic achievement	Chronic absenteeism. Percent of students in grades K-3 missing at least 10% of school attendance time in a year	Percent of students in grades K-3 missing at least 10% of total school attendance hours in a year for any reason (includes excused and unexcused absences). This is based on an individual student's tenure of enrollment rather than the entire school year. The Ohio Department of Education and Workforce calculates chronic absenteeism rates based on student full-time equivalents (FTEs) rather than headcounts. County rates are estimated based on the location of the school, rather than the last known residence of the student.	Ohio Department of Education and Workforce	2021	20.3%	2023	23.5%	15.8%	Worsened
* Small sample size, interpret with caution										

Disaggregated Data				
Metric	Disaggregation category	Most-recent value	Disparity ratio	Disparity
Early learning access and quality				
Met Early Intervention need. Percent of children, ages 0-2, who were eligible for IDEA Part C Early Intervention and received services	Completed standardized evaluation tool	89.2%		
	Diagnosis listed in Appendix C of OAC 5123-10-02	76.5%		
	Diagnosis by a professional licensed to diagnose and treat	86.6%		
Publicly funded child care quality. Percent of publicly funded childcare programs that are rated as quality or high-quality by Step Up to Quality	Appalachian counties	77.2%	0.9	Little to no disparity
	Metro counties	73.6%	0.9	Little to no disparity
	Rural, non-Appalachian counties	65.6%	1.1	Moderate Disparity
	Suburban counties	56.4%	1.3	Moderate Disparity
Health care access and quality				
Timely prenatal care. Percent of women who began prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy	Black or African American, non-Hispanic	67.9%	1.2	Moderate Disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	80.8%	0.9	Little to no disparity
	Asian, non-Hispanic	77.3%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Hispanic	64.5%	1.2	Moderate Disparity
	American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	62.9%	1.2	Moderate Disparity
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	40.9%	1.9	Moderate Disparity
Postpartum care. Percent of women with a live birth who had a postpartum visit	More than one race, non-Hispanic	71.9%	1.1	Moderate Disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	93.2%	0.9	Little to no disparity
	Black, non-Hispanic	87.9%	1.1	Moderate Disparity
	Hispanic	84.0%	1.1	Moderate Disparity
	Non-Hispanic Other	92.2%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Metro	91.3%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Rural Appalachia	93.5%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Rural Non-Appalachia	91.2%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Suburban	91.6%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Private/Employer	97.1%	0.9	Little to no disparity
	Other	84.1%	1.1	Moderate Disparity
Postpartum depression screening. Percent of women with a live birth and a postpartum visit, who had a provider ask if they were feeling down or depressed	Uninsured	N/A	N/A	
	Medicaid	86.1%	1.1	Moderate Disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	90.9%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Hispanic	90.1%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Other, Non-Hispanic	92.0%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Black, non-Hispanic	92.5%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Private/Employer	91.9%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Other	88.6%	1.0	Little to no disparity
Experiences of racism. Percent of women, ages 18-49, who reported that they were treated worse when seeking health care due to their race or ethnicity	Medicaid	91.9%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Black, non-Hispanic	29.6%	8.6	Large disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	2.4%	0.1	Little to no disparity
Early childhood adversity and trauma prevention	Other, including Hispanic	10.7%	1.6	Moderate Disparity
	Black, non-Hispanic	6.4	2.4	Large disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	2.4	0.5	Little to No Disparity
	Hispanic	3.3	1.2	Moderate Disparity
Stressful life events or experiences during pregnancy. Percent of women with a live birth who reported stressful life events or experiences during pregnancy	Multiracial, non-Hispanic	4.7	1.6	Moderate Disparity
	Emotional	35.4%		
	Black, non-Hispanic	42.9%		
	White, non-Hispanic	35.0%		
	Hispanic	31.8%		
	Other race, non-Hispanic	25.6%		
	\$32,000 or less	38.2%		
	\$32,001 to \$57,000	35.1%		
	\$57,001 or more	33.1%		
	Rural	32.7%		
	Urban	35.7%		
	Medicaid	39.0%		
	Private/Employer	34.0%		
	Other insurance	38.1%		
	Uninsured	30.4%		
	Partner-related	25.0%		
	Black, non-Hispanic	36.1%		
	White, non-Hispanic	21.0%		
	Hispanic	26.1%		
	Other race, non-Hispanic	39.0%		
	\$32,000 or less	32.7%		
	\$32,001 to \$57,000	67.9%		
	\$57,001 or more	16.9%		
	Rural	27.2%		
	Urban	24.7%		
	Medicaid	37.7%		
	Private/Employer	18.7%		
	Other insurance	23.7%		
	Uninsured	25.1%		
	Financial	46.8%		
Black, non-Hispanic	61.0%			
White, non-Hispanic	42.5%			
Hispanic	51.2%			
Other race, non-Hispanic	52.4%			
\$32,000 or less	61.3%			

Metric	Disaggregation category	Most-recent value	Disparity ratio	Disparity
	\$32,001 to \$57,000	57.1%		
	\$57,001 or more	32.5%		
	Rural	47.4%		
	Urban	46.7%		
	Medicaid	64.4%		
	Private/Employer	37.3%		
	Other insurance	40.8%		
	Uninsured	54.0%		
	Traumatic	12.8%		
	Black, non-Hispanic	18.8%		
	White, non-Hispanic	11.3%		
	Hispanic	13.4%		
	Other race, non-Hispanic	13.0%		
	\$32,000 or less	18.6%		
	\$32,001 to \$57,000	16.6%		
	\$57,001 or more	7.5%		
	Rural	13.5%		
	Urban	12.7%		
	Medicaid	21.4%		
	Private/Employer	8.6%		
Other insurance	12.1%			
Uninsured	11.4%			
Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs). Percent of children, ages 0-5, by number of ACEs experienced	0 ACEs	71.8%		
	1 ACE	14.0%		
	2 or more ACEs	14.3%		
Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs). Percent of children, ages 0-5, who experienced two or more ACEs	Black (non-Hispanic)	20.2%	1.5	Moderate Disparity
	White (non-Hispanic)	12.0%	0.6	Little to no disparity
	Hispanic	16.3%	1.2	Moderate Disparity
	0-250% FPL	17.8%	2.1	Large disparity
	250% + FPL	8.6%	0.5	Little to no disparity
Protective custody, placement type. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who are in Public Children Service Agency (PCSA) custody, by placement type	Pre-adoptive home and family foster home (non-relative) placements	64.3%		
	Family foster home (relative) placements	34.3%		
Economic Stability				
Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 100% of the federal poverty level	Appalachian	25.2%	1.3	Moderate Disparity
	Rural non-Appalachian	14.9%	0.7	Little to no disparity
	Suburban	12.4%	0.6	Little to no disparity
	Urban	23.0%	1.3	Moderate Disparity
Extreme Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 50% of the federal poverty level	Appalachian	13.0%	1.3	Moderate Disparity
	Rural non-Appalachian	7.4%	0.7	Little to no disparity
	Suburban	5.6%	0.5	Little to no disparity
	Urban	11.7%	1.3	Moderate Disparity
Job change due to child care, family members. Percent of children, ages 0-5, with a family member who had to change their job due to problems with child care in the past 12 months	Black, non-Hispanic*	37.3%	3.6	Large disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	7.1%	0.2	Little to no disparity
	Hispanic*	24.9%	1.9	Moderate Disparity
Food insecurity. Percent of children, ages 0-5, whose household could not always afford to eat good nutritious meals in the past 12 months	Black, non-Hispanic*	46.3%	1.7	Moderate Disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	26.2%	0.7	Little to no disparity
	Hispanic*	31.4%	1.1	Moderate Disparity
Housing cost burden. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived in households where 30% or more of monthly income was spent on rent	Black, non-Hispanic	36.1%	3.2	Large disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	8.7%	0.3	Little to no disparity
	Asian, non-Hispanic	15.9%	1.1	Moderate Disparity
	Hispanic	22.1%	1.6	Moderate Disparity
Employment insecurity, parents. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who live in families where no caregiver was employed full-time	0-199% FPL	24.1%	9.6	Large disparity
	200% + FPL	2.5%	0.1	Little to no disparity
Family structure. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who did not live in a household with two parents	0-199% FPL	35.0%	3.1	Large disparity
	200% + FPL	11.3%	0.3	Little to no disparity
Healthy				
Severe maternal morbidity. Number of significant life-threatening maternal complications during delivery, per 10,000 delivery hospitalizations	White, non-Hispanic	73.3		
	Asian/Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	67.9		
	Hispanic	88.6		
	Black, non-Hispanic	136		
Low birthweight. Percent of live births where the infant weighed less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds)	Black, non-Hispanic	14.6%	1.9	Moderate Disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	7.3%	0.6	Little to no disparity
	Hispanic	7.9%	0.9	Little to no disparity
	Asian, non-Hispanic	10.4%	1.2	Moderate Disparity
Infant mortality. Number of infant deaths, under age 1, per 1,000 live births	Asian, non-Hispanic	3.8*	0.5	Little to no disparity
	Black/African American, non-Hispanic	13.1	2.2	Large disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	5.7	0.5	Little to no disparity
	More than one race, non-Hispanic	11.9	1.7	Moderate Disparity
	Hispanic	6.1	0.7	Little to no disparity
Potentially disabling conditions. Percent of children, ages 3-5, who had a current or lifelong health condition	Prevalence of current anxiety problems, age 3-5 years *	2.2%		
	Prevalence of current depression, age 3-5 years *	0.3%		
	Prevalence of current behavioral or conduct problems, age 3-5 years	4.8%		
	Prevalence of current developmental delay, age 3-5 years	5.7%		
	Prevalence of speech or other language disorder, age 3-5 years	9.1%		
	Prevalence of current learning disability, age 3-5 years*	2.9%		

Metric	Disaggregation category	Most-recent value	Disparity ratio	Disparity
	Prevalence of Autism or Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD), age 3-5 years *	2.8%		
	Prevalence of current ADD or ADHD, age 3-5 years *	2.8%		
Asthma. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who currently have asthma	Black, non-Hispanic	9.2%	2.4	Large disparity
	White, non-Hispanic	4.0%	0.7	Little to no disparity
Ready to Learn				
Fourth grade reading proficiency. Percent of fourth grade students who were proficient in reading based on the National Assessment of Educational Progress	White	39.0%		
	Black	13.7%		
	Hispanic	14.3%		
	Two or more races	40.4%		
Chronic absenteeism. Percent of students in grades K-3 missing at least 10% of school attendance time in a year	American Indian or Alaskan Native	29.8%		
	Asian or Pacific Islander	19.1%		
	Black, Non-Hispanic	40.4%		
	Hispanic	31.7%		
	Multiracial	29.1%		
	White, Non-Hispanic	17.6%		
	Economic Disadvantaged	34.0%		
	Not Economic Disadvantaged	11.3%		
Kindergarten readiness. Percent of students who demonstrated kindergarten readiness based on the Ohio Kindergarten Readiness Assessment Revised (KRA-R)	American Indian or Alaskan Native	24.1%	1.5	Moderate Disparity
	White, Non-Hispanic	42.2%	0.5	Little to no disparity
	Asian or Pacific Islander	35.8%	1.0	Little to no disparity
	Black, Non-Hispanic	19.8%	2.0	Large disparity
	Hispanic	18.2%	2.0	Large disparity
	Multiracial	29.2%	1.2	Moderate Disparity
	students without disabilities	37.8%	0.4	Little to no disparity
	students with disabilities	14.4%	2.6	Large disparity
	students without economic disadvantage	49.2%	0.4	Little to no disparity
	students with economic disadvantage	21.0%	2.4	Large disparity
	* Small sample size, interpret with caution			

County Data

County	Publicly Funded Childcare. Number of quality-rated publicly funded childcare programs per 1,000 population, ages 0-5 below 200% of the federal poverty level (as of July 2023)	Protective custody. Number of children, ages 0-5, who were in Public Children Service Agency (PCSA) custody (as of January 1, 2024)	Pediatrician workforce. Number of pediatricians currently certified by the American Board of Pediatrics, age 70 and under, per 100,000 population, ages 0-17 (as of June 14, 2023)	Obstetric workforce. Number of obstetrics and gynecology providers, per 10,000 births (2019 data)	Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 100% of the federal poverty level (2018-2022 data)	Extreme Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 50% of the federal poverty level (2018-2022 data)	Chronic absenteeism. Percent of students in grades K-3 missing at least 10% of school attendance time in a year (2023 data)	Kindergarten readiness. Percent of students who are Economically Disadvantaged who demonstrated kindergarten readiness based on the Ohio Kindergarten Readiness Assessment Revised (KRA-R) (2022-2023 school year)
Adams	4.1	41	0.0	57.8	36.6%	22.9%	28.8%	17.0%
Allen	12.8	48	42.4	80.8	17.4%	10.5%	17.9%	24.0%
Ashland	4.2	17	34.3	83.9	13.6%	7.4%	15.1%	25.7%
Ashtabula	11.7	45	9.3	28.0	26.9%	12.7%	32.9%	21.6%
Athens	15.9	34	22.3	42.3	20.2%	9.3%	27.3%	20.5%
Auglaize	6.1	10	45.0	75.5	7.6%	4.3%	10.3%	26.7%
Belmont	9.8	25	0.0	15.6	19.3%	10.3%	27.2%	25.1%
Brown	4.7	13	40.1	20.6	20.8%	9.6%	19.3%	23.5%
Butler	8.6	87	48.3	74.6	13.6%	7.0%	22.3%	15.8%
Carroll	5.6	<10	0.0	0.0	21.4%	4.7%	14.1%	19.0%
Champaign	11.5	<10	11.7	25.8	10.5%	8.7%	16.1%	19.1%
Clark	5.2	43	16.4	58.8	23.3%	11.9%	27.4%	16.0%
Clermont	8.3	73	55.2	115.1	11.0%	6.4%	20.7%	22.5%
Clinton	5.4	31	20.9	44.0	26.4%	8.8%	21.0%	15.0%
Columbiana	13.9	20	14.5	30.7	20.1%	11.5%	30.6%	24.3%
Coshocton	4.7	15	11.3	22.3	24.9%	17.9%	18.8%	26.2%
Crawford	5.6	11	32.8	66.7	29.6%	16.9%	16.1%	18.9%
Cuyahoga	19.7	707	159.5	245.9	26.2%	13.3%	33.0%	20.6%
Darke	6.7	<10	8.1	32.7	12.5%	5.1%	11.3%	29.2%
Defiance	13.2	10	0.0	123.8	14.3%	5.6%	12.1%	17.7%
Delaware	28.6	<10	134.1	160.5	6.2%	2.1%	11.1%	25.0%
Erie	8.1	25	39.8	92.3	22.1%	13.6%	23.0%	18.4%
Fairfield	14.9	58	67.2	69.8	12.5%	5.1%	16.9%	18.4%
Fayette	12.5	21	14.6	0.0	21.9%	16.1%	25.7%	15.7%
Franklin	14.4	459	140.6	132.5	21.1%	9.2%	29.0%	21.6%
Fulton	6	<10	0.0	42.9	16.3%	6.3%	10.0%	26.7%
Gallia	1.7	<10	103.0	143.3	29.4%	10.6%	20.2%	41.5%
Geauga	7.6	<10	74.5	186.4	8.6%	1.5%	14.3%	11.8%
Greene	7.1	17	97.6	181.0	14.1%	7.4%	19.3%	29.2%
Guernsey	6.6	15	23.6	91.7	35.2%	21.8%	23.1%	26.5%
Hamilton	30	580	243.7	228.8	23.2%	13.0%	29.7%	19.5%
Hancock	7.6	31	55.0	94.3	11.5%	6.6%	12.0%	12.6%
Hardin	7.8	<10	0.0	0.0	33.5%	11.0%	17.9%	15.2%
Harrison	3.6	<10	0.0	74.1	24.1%	9.9%	20.7%	42.2%
Henry	5.5	<10	15.6	33.3	20.0%	9.7%	9.2%	18.1%
Highland	3.2	47	19.4	55.2	22.8%	10.1%	18.7%	18.5%

County	Publicly Funded Childcare. Number of quality-rated publicly funded childcare programs per 1,000 population, ages 0-5 below 200% of the federal poverty level (as of July 2023)	Protective custody. Number of children, ages 0-5, who were in Public Children Service Agency (PCSA) custody (as of January 1, 2024)	Pediatrician workforce. Number of pediatricians currently certified by the American Board of Pediatrics, age 70 and under, per 100,000 population, ages 0-17 (as of June 14, 2023)	Obstetric workforce. Number of obstetrics and gynecology providers, per 10,000 births (2019 data)	Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 100% of the federal poverty level (2018-2022 data)	Extreme Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 50% of the federal poverty level (2018-2022 data)	Chronic absenteeism. Percent of students in grades K-3 missing at least 10% of school attendance time in a year (2023 data)	Kindergarten readiness. Percent of students who are Economically Disadvantaged who demonstrated kindergarten readiness based on the Ohio Kindergarten Readiness Assessment Revised (KRA-R) (2022-2023 school year)
Hocking	11.6	11	0.0	34.4	18.4%	13.6%	23.1%	29.1%
Holmes	2.6	12	0.0	49.4	11.9%	4.2%	14.8%	21.3%
Huron	11.3	16	14.4	43.7	10.1%	4.2%	19.9%	18.7%
Jackson	4.3	16	12.9	0.0	26.2%	11.3%	24.5%	28.3%
Jefferson	10.4	19	23.5	30.3	30.7%	22.3%	22.3%	44.3%
Knox	6.7	13	6.9	81.3	20.1%	12.7%	17.2%	12.1%
Lake	12.4	15	57.5	91.5	9.0%	3.3%	19.9%	23.5%
Lawrence	13.5	22	88.3	0.0	31.4%	17.6%	27.7%	32.3%
Licking	10.6	72	36.1	35.4	14.3%	7.2%	18.5%	22.2%
Logan	6.2	14	28.5	92.3	16.4%	7.5%	17.3%	13.5%
Lorain	14	62	45.1	84.3	25.0%	13.7%	25.7%	16.8%
Lucas	15.9	323	70.7	152.7	29.6%	17.2%	31.6%	19.1%
Madison	10.4	<10	11.1	66.8	16.1%	9.5%	17.4%	18.5%
Mahoning	21.9	109	39.4	110.6	31.6%	13.3%	31.4%	18.0%
Marion	11.5	14	14.4	110.8	16.7%	9.8%	28.3%	18.1%
Medina	11.5	31	68.1	132.2	8.0%	3.7%	13.0%	23.6%
Meigs	8.5	<10	0.0	0.0	32.6%	21.7%	30.8%	31.1%
Mercer	0.8	<10	18.0	78.5	11.0%	2.0%	4.1%	15.4%
Miami	5.4	<10	39.7	58.7	14.6%	8.3%	17.0%	21.6%
Monroe	8.3	207	0.0	0.0	10.7%	2.1%	30.3%	20.5%
Montgomery	12.9	<10	81.0	125.6	25.3%	12.8%	26.8%	17.5%
Morgan	1.7	<10	0.0	80.0	35.6%	26.9%	21.3%	40.0%
Morrow	8.3	<10	25.8	0.0	16.6%	5.8%	20.0%	19.0%
Muskingum	14.6	57	40.7	103.1	22.7%	12.3%	20.1%	24.3%
Noble	8	<10	0.0	0.0	31.2%	5.5%	21.5%	63.3%
Ottawa	12.6	<10	27.7	62.9	14.6%	6.4%	11.5%	21.0%
Paulding	8.5	<10	0.0	0.0	9.8%	1.3%	11.8%	22.6%
Perry	5.6	<10	0.0	0.0	22.0%	10.8%	19.0%	28.8%
Pickaway	10.2	<10	7.9	33.2	26.0%	11.5%	21.5%	26.3%
Pike	8.2	<10	0.0	29.0	29.0%	21.0%	26.7%	24.3%
Portage	11.2	46	37.0	118.7	14.1%	6.5%	19.7%	25.1%
Preble	6.6	21	11.0	46.9	19.1%	10.4%	16.5%	14.1%
Putnam	4.6	<10	0.0	0.0	9.7%	8.1%	6.4%	16.0%
Richland	10.4	45	47.4	79.4	24.4%	10.5%	19.2%	20.3%
Ross	7.9	31	43.1	99.0	27.3%	13.4%	25.5%	27.7%
Sandusky	22.9	16	23.2	112.0	24.3%	14.9%	15.0%	17.1%
Scioto	8.4	67	75.0	38.3	33.7%	20.3%	29.2%	23.6%

County	Publicly Funded Childcare. Number of quality-rated publicly funded childcare programs per 1,000 population, ages 0-5 below 200% of the federal poverty level (as of July 2023)	Protective custody. Number of children, ages 0-5, who were in Public Children Service Agency (PCSA) custody (as of January 1, 2024)	Pediatrician workforce. Number of pediatricians currently certified by the American Board of Pediatrics, age 70 and under, per 100,000 population, ages 0-17 (as of June 14, 2023)	Obstetric workforce. Number of obstetrics and gynecology providers, per 10,000 births (2019 data)	Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 100% of the federal poverty level (2018-2022 data)	Extreme Poverty. Percent of children, ages 0-5, who lived below 50% of the federal poverty level (2018-2022 data)	Chronic absenteeism. Percent of students in grades K-3 missing at least 10% of school attendance time in a year (2023 data)	Kindergarten readiness. Percent of students who are Economically Disadvantaged who demonstrated kindergarten readiness based on the Ohio Kindergarten Readiness Assessment Revised (KRA-R) (2022-2023 school year)
Seneca	7.9	13	25.2	102.7	23.0%	6.6%	17.1%	19.8%
Shelby	7.4	13	25.3	16.4	16.1%	5.6%	13.3%	23.0%
Stark	11	202	57.3	104.0	21.9%	11.3%	18.8%	20.8%
Summit	16.1	334	133.9	160.2	19.6%	10.5%	24.5%	18.0%
Trumbull	8.4	56	45.7	52.9	34.6%	16.2%	30.1%	25.0%
Tuscarawas	5.7	30	28.3	53.3	24.8%	11.7%	16.8%	25.7%
Union	8.9	<10	88.3	84.0	5.7%	2.2%	13.1%	18.4%
Van Wert	4	<10	14.9	58.8	9.3%	5.9%	10.9%	29.0%
Vinton	8.7	<10	0.0	0.0	27.9%	14.7%	30.6%	22.9%
Warren	14.4	40	84.7	131.4	5.6%	2.7%	16.3%	15.9%
Washington	7.8	21	76.5	118.2	23.6%	14.1%	20.4%	23.0%
Wayne	7.3	25	35.4	98.0	9.8%	4.3%	12.7%	18.0%
Williams	5.2	10	24.6	95.5	22.4%	15.4%	10.3%	11.1%
Wood	10.9	11	59.5	166.0	12.4%	3.9%	12.8%	19.6%
Wyandot	11.2	<10	20.6	44.8	2.4%	0.4%	10.1%	18.2%

Demographics							
Metric	Baseline Ohio (2019)		Most-recent Ohio (2022)		Trend	Metric description	Source
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number			
Population of young children. Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0 to 5	7.0%	823,445	6.7%	791,318	No change	Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates
Population of older children and adults. Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 6 and older	93.0%	10,865,655	93.3%	10,964,740	No change	Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 6 and older	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates
Population of young children, by race and ethnicity. Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by race and ethnicity						Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by race and ethnicity	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates
White, non-Hispanic	70.1%	577,236	66.4%	525,771	No change		
Black, non-Hispanic	13.9%	114,581	14.1%	111,458	No change		
Asian, non-Hispanic	2.0%	16,259	2.5%	19,560	Greatly Increased		
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	0.2%	1,351	0.0%	259	Greatly Decreased		
Hispanic (any Race)	6.5%	53,686	7.7%	60,835	Increased		
Multiracial, non-Hispanic	7.0%	57,409	8.6%	68,065	Greatly Increased		
Other, non-Hispanic	0.4%	2,923	0.7%	5,370	Greatly Increased		
Population of young children, by sex. Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by sex						Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by sex	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates
Male	52.3%	430,845	51.5%	407,404	No change		
Female	47.7%	392,600	48.5%	383,914	No change		
Population of young children, by disability status. Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by disability status						Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by disability status. Disability is defined as having at least one of the following: vision difficulties, hearing difficulties, ambulatory difficulty (measured for age 5 only), self-care difficulty (measured for age 5 only), and cognitive difficulty (measured for age 5 only). Breakouts by disability type do not sum to the total population of children with disabilities because some children may have multiple disability types	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates
With a disability:	1.6%	13,524	1.8%	14,118	No change		
(Vision)*	21.4%	2,897	35.3%	4,988	N/A		
(Hearing)*	22.0%	2,980	20.7%	2,927	N/A		
(Ambulatory)*	13.1%	1,778	10.2%	1,434	N/A		
(Self-Care)*	15.9%	2,154	29.6%	4,182	N/A		
(Cognitive)*	58.8%	7,946	54.2%	7,656	N/A		
Without a disability	98.4%	809,921	98.2%	777,200	No change		
Population of young children, by county type. Percent of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by county type (suburban, Appalachian, rural non-Appalachian, or metropolitan)***						Percent of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by county type (suburban, Appalachian, rural non-Appalachian, metropolitan). County types are designated by the Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey.	Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey
Metropolitan	54.1%	N/A	55.7%	N/A	No change		
Rural Appalachian	14.0%	N/A	15.7%	N/A	Increased		
Rural non-Appalachian	15.7%	N/A	13.8%	N/A	Decreased		
Suburban	16.3%	N/A	14.7%	N/A	No change		
Population of young children, by household income. Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by household income as a percent of the federal poverty level (FPL)						Percent and number of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by household income as a percentage of the federal poverty level	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Public Use Microdata 1-Year Estimates
0-199% FPL	43.3%	349,921	39.8%	310,757	No change		
200% and higher FPL	56.7%	458,034	60.2%	470,631	No change		

Metric	Baseline Ohio (2019)		Most-recent Ohio (2022)		Trend	Metric description	Source
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number			
Population of young children, by family structure. Percent of the Ohio population, ages						Percent of the Ohio population, ages 0-5, by family structure (type). Family type is characterized by number of parents or parental figures present in the household (one, two or other family type), the relationships of parents or other adults in the household (biological/adoptive parents, step-parents, or other family structure) and their marital status. "Family structure" refers to number and relationship between parents/adults living in the household. Parents were identified if the reported adult(s) was/were biological/adoptive or step-parent(s). Households identified as having two same sex mothers or fathers of the same type (biological/adoptive or step) were categorized to the appropriate two-parent family.	Health Resources and Services Administration, National Survey of Children's Health
Lives with two currently married parents	N/A	N/A	65.0%	N/A	N/A		
Lives with two parents not currently married	N/A	N/A	11.7%	N/A	N/A		
Lives with a single parent (mother or father)	N/A	N/A	19.2%	N/A	N/A		
Lives with grandparents**	N/A	N/A	2.0%	N/A	N/A		
Lives in another family structure**	N/A	N/A	2.1%	N/A	N/A		
* disability status broken out by disability type. An individual can have more than one disability, so the numbers do not sum to the total population of children ages 0-5 with a disability. The denominator for percentages is the population of children ages 0-5 with a disability. Trend was not calculated due to small sample size.							
** Small sample size, interpret with caution							
***Most recent year is 2021							